

## 24. How Habitat 141 contributes to Malleefowl conservation

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### ***Abstract***

Habitat 141 is a landscape scale restoration project that aims to produce “more and better habitat” in the area straddling the Victorian-South Australian border. Habitat 141’s vision is “to work with communities to conserve restore and connect habitats for Plants and wildlife on a landscape scale from the outback to the ocean.”

This paper will introduce the Habitat 141 concept and its current governance and organisational structures. The role of Habitat 141 as a multi-sector, multi-partner collaboration in the conservation of Malleefowl will be broadly examined in a number of areas, including:

- 1) Explanation of the vision, function and governance of Habitat 141.
- 2) Collaboration with and between organisations and the particular challenges facing community based non-government organisations within Habitat 141 will be briefly explained. The role of the 9 landscape zones in Habitat 141 as the regional scale collaborative structures for participatory planning and collaboration that develop and deliver on-ground conservation projects will be examined.
- 3) Participatory planning using the Conservation Action Planning (CAP) process in Habitat 141 to adaptively manage and achieve desired conservation outcomes will be described. I will briefly look at the CAP process in Habitat 141 and how that is using an environmental system-based approach to plan for species (Malleefowl!) outcomes.
- 4) The Ecological basis for planning and some early on ground outputs towards developing a large scale restoration project – the “Malleefowl Corridor” in Zone 2 of Habitat 141.

**\*Note:** *This paper was not available at the time of printing.*